

INTERNAL AFFAIRS SECTION

ANNUAL REPORT

2019

1642 Officers 462 Civilians

Ed Kraus Chief of Police

03-12-2020

Date

Sworn Personnel Trend Chart depicts the sworn personnel numbers from year to year.



DATA REPORTING PARAMETERS

- Information includes data pulled into the IAPro system as of 01/31/2020.
- Incidents entered into BlueTeam are given a received date based on when the person entered information about the event. The following reports are based on cases with a noted received date between 01/01/2019 and 12/31/2019.
- Use of Force reports are made on all incidents where an officer used force on a citizen (Takedown, Physical Force, Taser, Baton, Impact Weapons, and Deadly Force). The report itself does not mean any administrative violations occurred. If a use of force is flagged for possible violations, it is duplicated into an administrative investigation and the use of force report will be notated with that fact.
- In some cases, reports are entered with incomplete information. Incomplete data is shown in these reports under the label of "No Data".
- Other unique reporting challenges or interpretation guidelines for individual reports are noted in the explanatory textboxes located throughout the report.
- As with all information collection systems, the quality of data entered affects the quality of data reported.



Use of Force

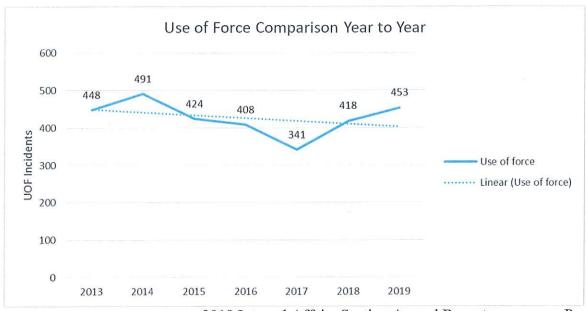
Use of Force Reporting Requirements

The Fort Worth Police Department requires an administrative Use of Force report on all use of force incidents which result in injury to any person, involves the use of a physical control method that includes a strike or the grounding/takedown of a subject, or any use of a weapon to control a subject. The Use of Force Report is reviewed by the Officer's Supervisor, and through the entire chain of command up to the Assistant Chief of Police. The Use of Force is reviewed to ensure the use was appropriate and within the guidelines of department policy and law. If the officer used force inappropriately, a departmental investigation is required and the officer may receive additional training or in some cases discipline up to and including termination from employment.

Use of Force Comparison Year to Year

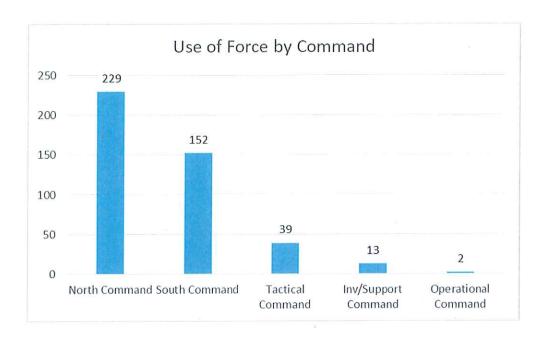
During 2019, there were 453 reported Uses of Force compared to 418 during 2018. This represents an 8% percent increase.

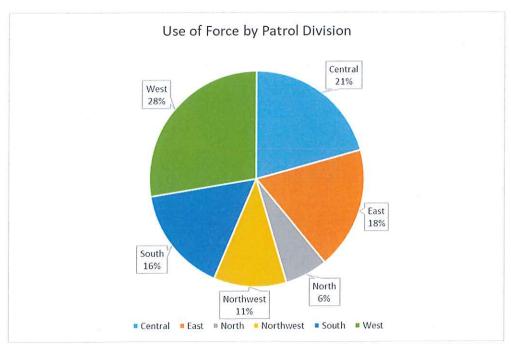
- o The total number of UOF incidents for 2019 is 453.
- o The total number of officers involved in at least one UOF incident in 2019 is 725 (Involved Officer or Assist Officer to the UOF).
- o The total number of citizens involved in a UOF for 2019 is 453.
- o The total UOF incidents in 2019 increased 8% compared to 2018.
- Use of Force data used for this report is based on 435 reviewed UOF incidents. 18 UOF incidents were still under review by the chain of command as of the data collection date (01/31/2020).



2019 Internal Affairs Section Annual Report

* The *2019 UOF by Command* charts show incidents of UOF that occurred in 2019 that are completed435.

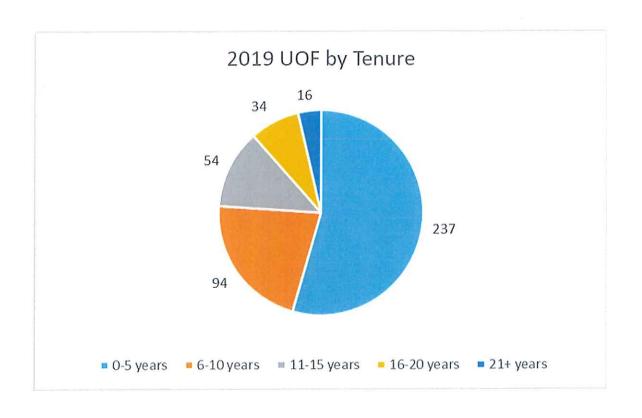




UOF by Involved Officer Tenure

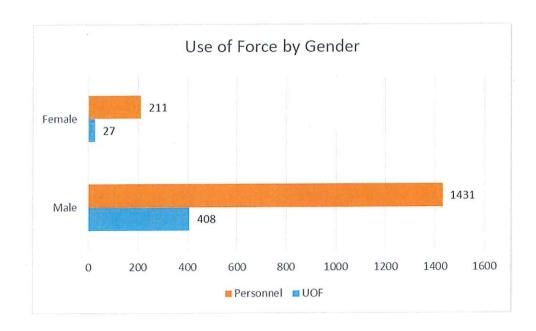
Years of service	2019	%	2018	%	2017	%
0-5 years	237	54%	179	65%	211	53%
6-10 years	94	22%	51	19%	96	24%
11-15 years	54	12%	20	7%	42	11%
16-20 years	34	8%	11	4%	27	7%
21+ years	16	4%	13	5%	20	5%
TOTAL	435		274		396	

The *UOF by Officer Tenure* chart shows the tenure breakdown for officers that used force and the percent of the total that each tenure group represents.



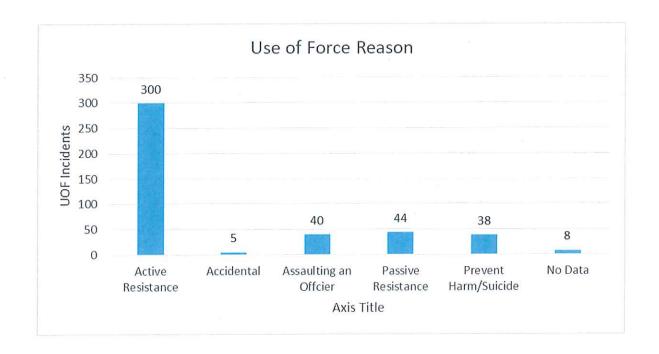
2019 l	JOF by C	ender *
	UOF	Officers
Female	27	211
Male	408	1431
TOTAL	435	1642

* The 2019 UOF by Gender chart shows the breakdown of UOF by the Gender of the involved officer in relation to the total number of officers employed.

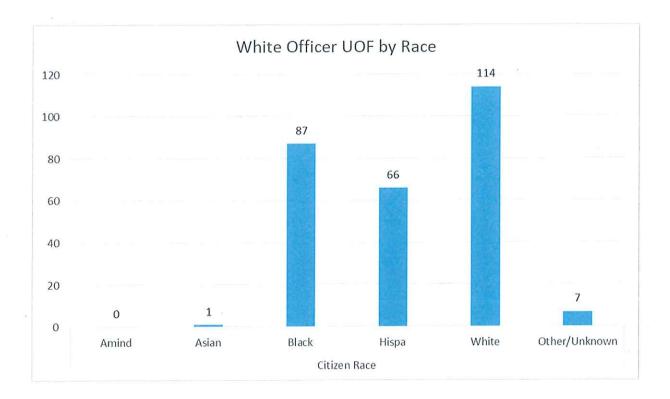


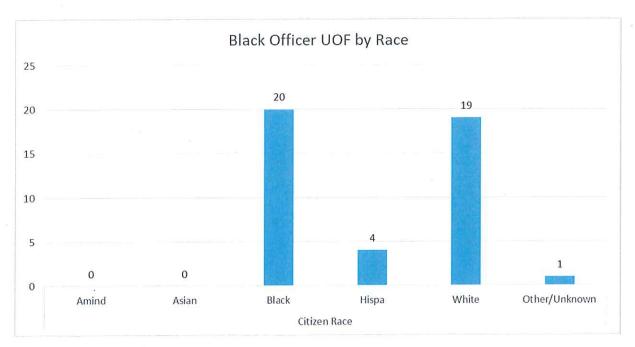
Reasons Leading up to UOF Incidents*		
Accidental	5	
Active Resistance	300	
Assaulting an Officer	40	
Passive Resistance	44	
Prevent Harm/Suicide	38	
No Data	. 8	
TOTAL	435	

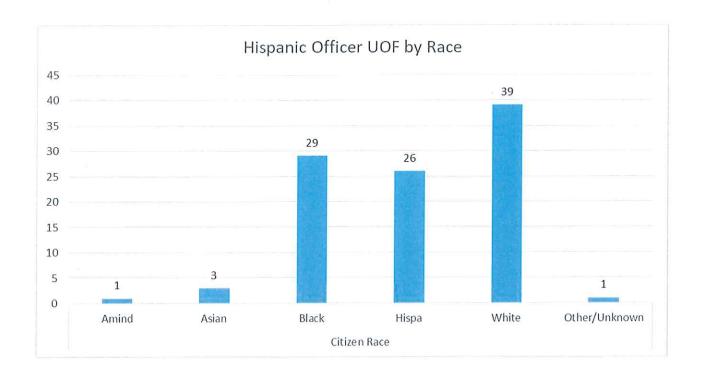
* The *Reasons Leading up to UOF Incidents* chart shows the reason force against a citizen was necessary.

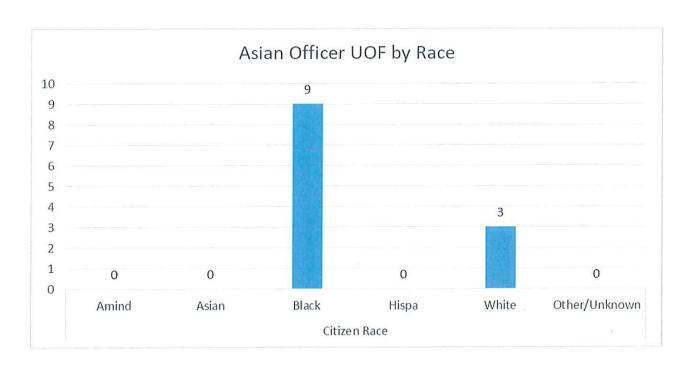


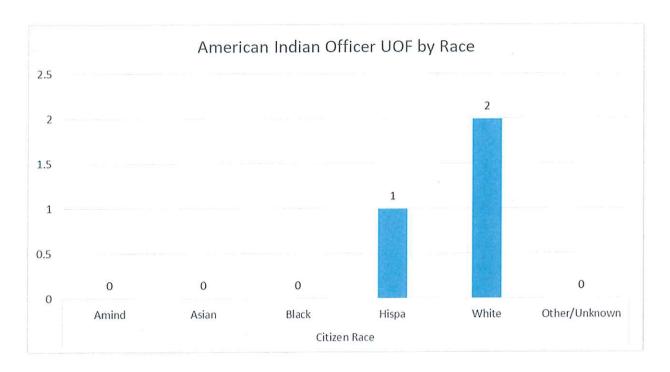
The following charts show the officers race in relation to the offender race involving a use of force incident. They show the comparison between officer and citizen race during uses of force. These totals are the primary officer initiating the use of force.

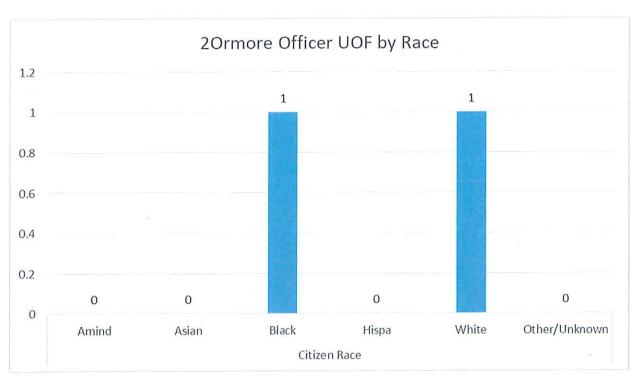




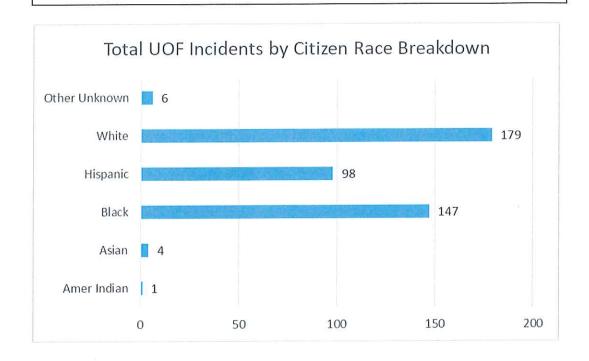




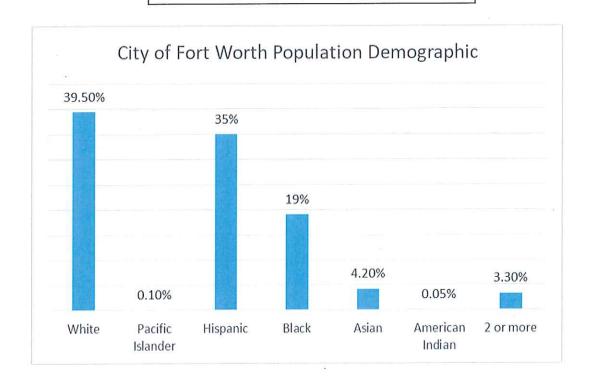




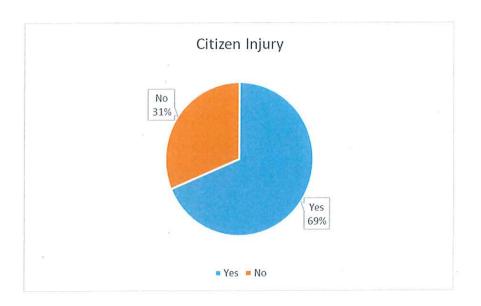
Total Use of Force Incidents by Citizen Race chart is the total number of the citizens involved in a use of force incident broken down by the involved citizen's race.

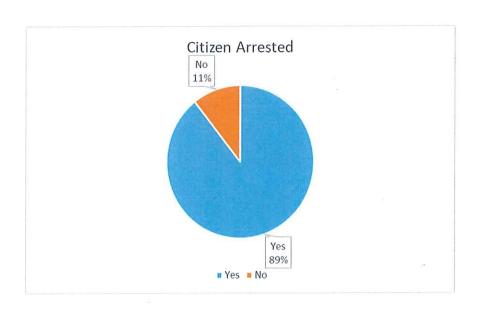


Demographics for the City of Fort Worth based on the 2018 US Census estimate.

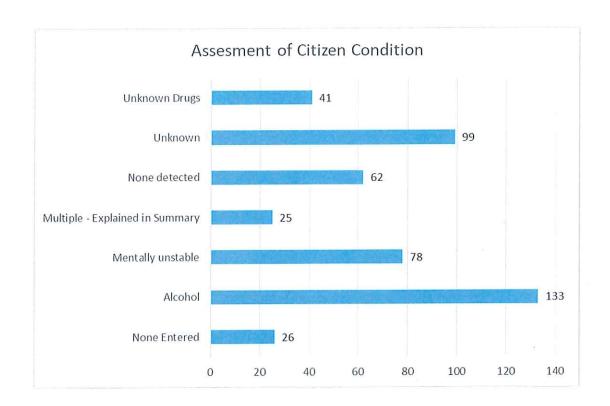


Citizen Injury and Arrest charts depict the percentage of time a citizen was arrested and or injured during a Use of Force Incident.



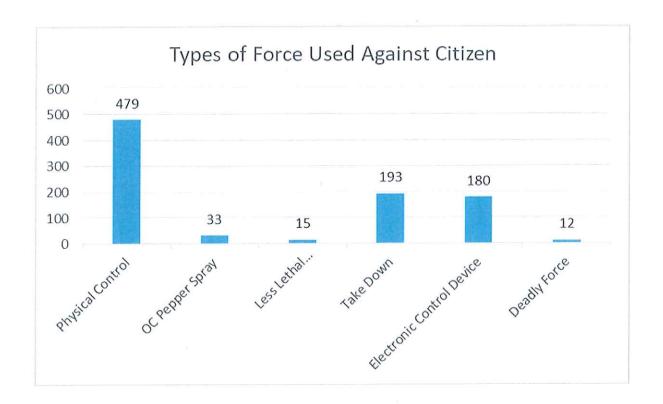


* The *Officer Assessment of Citizen Condition* chart shows the perceived condition the citizen was in during the time of the use of force, some citizens display multiple conditions, and therefore the count here is higher than the total use of force count.



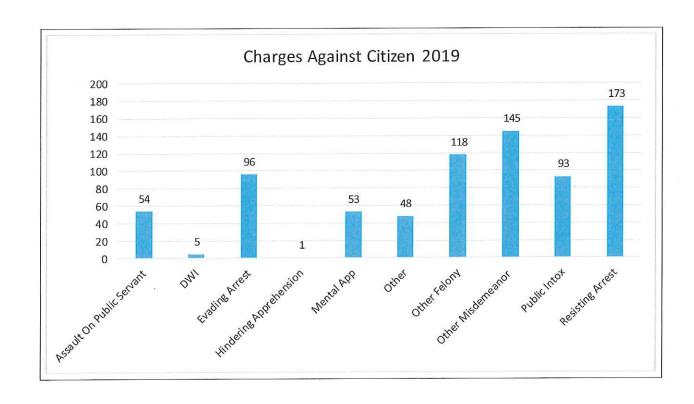
Type of Force Used Against Citizen*	¢
Physical Control	479
OC Pepper Spray	33
Less Lethal Weapon(40mm/Distraction Device)	15
Take Down	193
Electronic Control Device	180
Deadly Force	14

* The *Type of Force Used During UOF* chart shows the type of force against a citizen. Often times there are multiple officers and types of force used during an UOF incident. Therefore, the count here is higher than the UOF incident count.



Citizen Charges Resulting from U	OF Incidents*
Assault On Public Servant	54
DWI	4
Evading Arrest	96
Hindering Apprehension	1
Mental App	53
Other	48
Other Felony	118
Other Misdemeanor	145
Public Intox	93
Resisting Arrest	173
TOTAL	786

* The Citizen Charges resulting from UOF
Incidents chart shows the charges against a citizen resulting from the use of force. Often times the citizen is charged for multiple offenses.
Therefore, the count here is higher than the UOF incident count

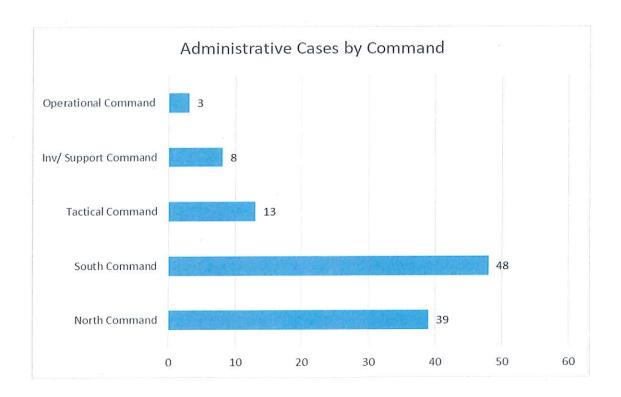




Administrative Cases

- o The total number of assigned Administrative Cases for 2019 is 124.
- o The total number of minor complaints in 2019 is 245.
- o The total number of Administrative Cases pending review and not included is 13.
- The total number of Administrative Cases in 2019 decreased 18% compared to 2018 (153 cases).

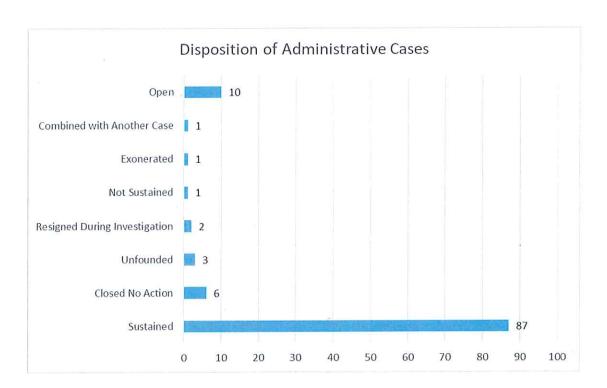
* The 2019 Administrative Cases by Involved Command chart includes cases that were assigned an IA number and investigated by either Internal Affairs or the Field. This data does not include Vehicle Accidents.



The disposition table and chart below shows the final disposition of administrative cases. As the chart shows, over 78% of the cases had at least one sustained allegation. For comparison purposes, in 2018, 81% of the administrative cases were sustained and in 2017, 65% of the administrative cases were sustained.

2019 Disposition of Administrat	ive Cases
Sustained	87
Closed No Action	6
Unfounded	3
Resigned During Investigation	2
Not Sustained	1
Exonerated	1
Combined with Another Case	1
Open	11
TOTAL	111

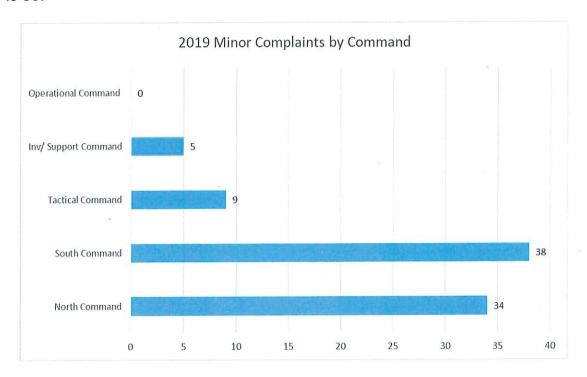
* The 2019 Disposition of Administrative Cases chart includes cases that were assigned an IA number and includes both IAS investigations as well as Field investigations. This data does not include Vehicle Accidents. Disposition denotes the finality of the incident as a whole, not individual allegations. There are some IA numbers still awaiting disposition.



2019 Minor Complaints*	
Received by Internal Affairs	150
Forwarded to Division	95

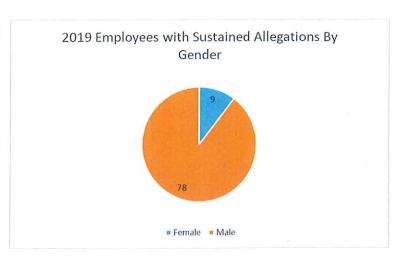
* The 2019 Minor Complaints by
Command and Online Complaint chart
shows the number of minor complaints by
citizens which were received into the
Internal Affairs office and then sent to the
Field for review. Examples of minor
complaints would be rudeness, profanity,
citizen unhappy with results of a call, etc.

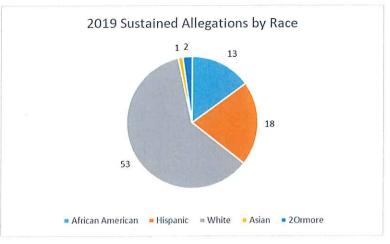
The chart below represents complaints that were forwarded to the respective command for investigation. 9 of the 95 cases were still pending when this report was created so the total below is 86.

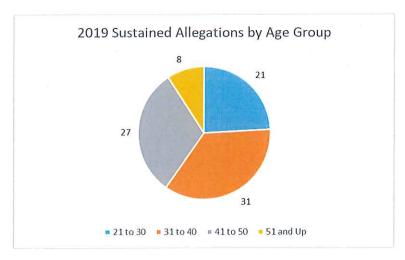


2019 Involved Employ Sustained Allegati	
Gender	
Male	78
Female	9
Race	39
African American	13
Hispanic	18
White	53
Asian	1
2Ormore	2
Age	
21 to 30	21
31 to 40	31
41 to 50	27
51 and Up	8

* The 2019 Involved Employees with Sustained Allegations chart shows the demographic breakdown of officers that had investigations resulting in sustained findings on any administrative allegations. This data does not include Vehicle Accidents.

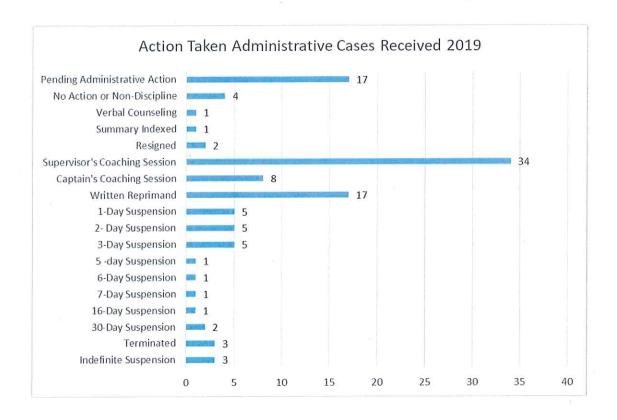






Actions Taken in Administrative	
Cases Received in 2019*	
Indefinite Suspension	3
Terminated	3
30-Day Suspension	2
16-Day Suspension	1
7-Day Suspension	1
6-Day Suspension	1
5 -day Suspension	1
3-Day Suspension	5
2- Day Suspension	5
1-Day Suspension	5
Written Reprimand	17
Captain's Coaching Session	8
Supervisor's Coaching Session	34
Resigned	2
Verbal Counseling	1
No Action or Non-Discipline	5
Pending Administrative Action	17
TOTAL	111

* The Actions Taken in Administrative Cases Received in 2019 chart includes cases that were assigned an IA number and includes both Internal Affairs investigations as well as Field investigations. This chart only includes 2019 incidents.



2019 Top Sustained Allegations

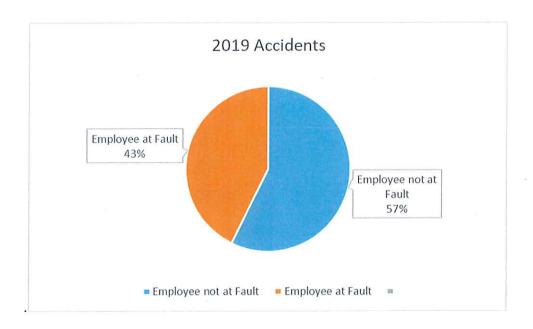
Sustained Allegations	
Professional Conduct Violations	45
Neglect of Duty	14
Police Pursuit Violation	11
De-Escalation	7
Justified Unfavorable Criticism	7
Excessive Force	6
Untruthfulness	4

^{*} The *2019 Top Sustained Allegations Chart* shows the top allegations during 2019 based on number of occurrences. Many individual cases have several allegations that may be sustained, therefore the number here is higher than previous charts.

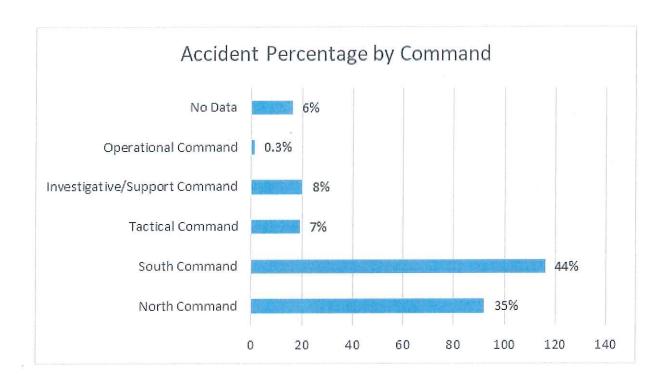


Accidents

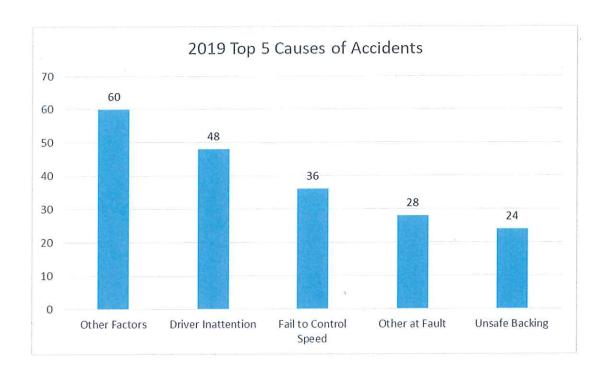
- o The total number of Officer Involved Accidents for 2019 is 281.
- The total number of Chargeable/Preventable (Employee at Fault) Accidents for 2019 is 120.
- o The total number of accidents where employee was found not be at fault 161.
- o The total number of Accidents in 2019 decreased 10% compared to 2018.



* The 2019 Chargeable/Preventable Accidents by Division chart includes all officer vehicle accidents entered into BlueTeam during 2019 that resulted in a chargeable/preventable finding.

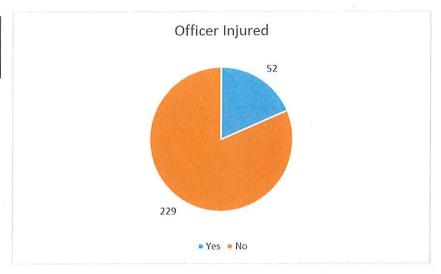


2019 Top 5 Causes of Accidents.

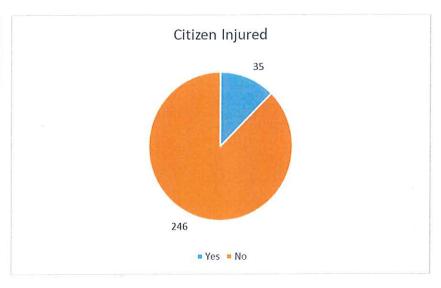


* The **2019** Accident Injuries chart shows the number of officers and citizens injured during 2019.

2019 Accident	Officer Injuries
Yes	52
No	229



2019 Citize	en Injuries
Yes	35
No	246

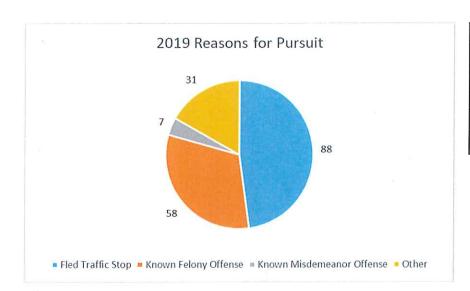




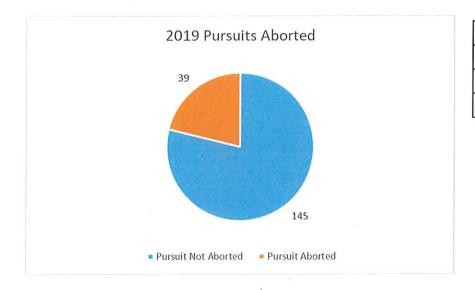
Pursuits

- o The total number of Pursuits for 2019 is 184.
- o The total number of Pursuits for 2019 decreased 21% compared to 2018.
- o There were two fatalities associated with a pursuit in 2019.
- 18% of the pursuits were determined to be not justified(34 total).

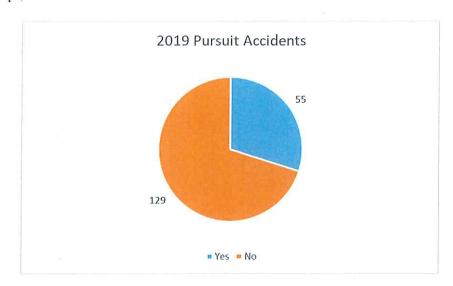
* The 2019 Reasons for Pursuit, 2019 Pursuits Aborted, and 2019 Pursuit Accidents charts show the primary reasons a pursuit was initiated, the number of pursuits aborted, and the number of pursuits that resulted in an accident during 2019.



2019 Reasons for Pursuit*		
Fled Traffic Stop	88	
Known Felony Offense	58	
Known Misdemeanor Offense	7	
Other	31	
TOTAL	184	



2018 Pursuits Abort	ed*
Pursuits Not Aborted	145
Pursuits Aborted	39
TOTAL	184



2018 Pursuit Accidents*		
Yes	55	
No	129	
Total	184	

Citizen Charges Resulting from Pursuits*	
DWI	6
Evading Arrest	132
Mental App	1
Other	12
Other Felony	75
Other Misdemeanor	26
Resisting Arrest	2
TOTAL	254

* The Citizen Charges resulting from Pursuits* chart shows the charges against a citizen resulting from the pursuit. Often times the citizen is charged for multiple offenses. Therefore, the count here is higher than the Pursuit count of 184.

